

Boerboel Genetic Evaluation

SA Stud Book
February 2026

MR D. EGHAGHA

NO1 ZION STREET
IBESHE, IKORODU
LAGOS
NIGERIA



Kennel Number: 694598



Estimated Breeding Values (EBVs)

Litter size and conformation traits are influenced by many genes, with every gene making a small contribution to the expression of the trait. These traits are, however, also influenced by physiological and physical environmental factors, for example the age and sex of the animal, the feeding and management the animal received and year x season effects. It is therefore not possible to know what the animal's genetic potential for the trait is by merely using the measurement.

With BLUP (*Best Linear Unbiased Prediction*) methodology an animal's genetic potential is predicted by making use of the genetic parameters (heritabilities and genetic correlations) of the breed, pedigree information, as well as the measurements of the animal as deviation from the average of the animals that were measured with the animal. Adjustments are made for differences in sex, age, classifier, management and year x season effects to ensure that fair comparisons are made amongst the animals. These predictions are called **EBVs (Estimated Breeding Values)** which indicates the animal's genetic potential for the specific trait and predicts the type of progeny that the animal will breed.

Pedigree information determines the genetic level at which the animal enters the genetic evaluation, it links the information of all relatives together and it is used to determine the genetic ranking of the breed. For young animals that were not yet measured, mid-parent EBVs are estimated, which are the average of the EBVs of the sire and dam. These breeding values are still inaccurate and can change a lot when more information (measurements) is included in subsequent genetic evaluations.

Breeding values therefore enables a breeder to compare his/her animals genetically to one another, as well as to all other animals of the breed. This Report gives a summary of the genetic levels of the active males and females of the relevant breeder in comparison to that of the breed for linearly classified traits and litter size. The genetic change that occurred over time can also easily be seen.

Breeding Value Indices (EBVi)

For easy interpretation, EBVs are standardised and expressed relative to the average (100) of the active animals of the breed, using 12 as standard deviation (SD). This means that an EBV of 100 is equal to the active average of the breed, and more or less 50% of the animals will have EBVi's of between 90 and 110, which indicates an average animal. Only 0.5% of the EBVi's will be lower than 64 and 0.5% will be higher than 136. Higher EBVi's indicate better genetic potential for the trait.

Accuracy

EBVs are published with an **accuracy value (%)**, which indicates how much info was available for the estimation of the EBV and with how much trust it can therefore be applied. Factors that influence the accuracy include heritability, completeness and correctness of pedigree information, number of own and measured relatives and the size of the group in which the animal was measured. When an accuracy of 85% and more is reached, the EBV should not change significantly with the inclusion of more information in subsequent genetic evaluations.

Kennel and Breed Averages: The different traits' averages of the breeder's active animals are compared to those of the breed in the Kennel and Breed Average Graphs and Tables. The breeder can therefore easily see for which traits the animals are above or below the average of the breed.

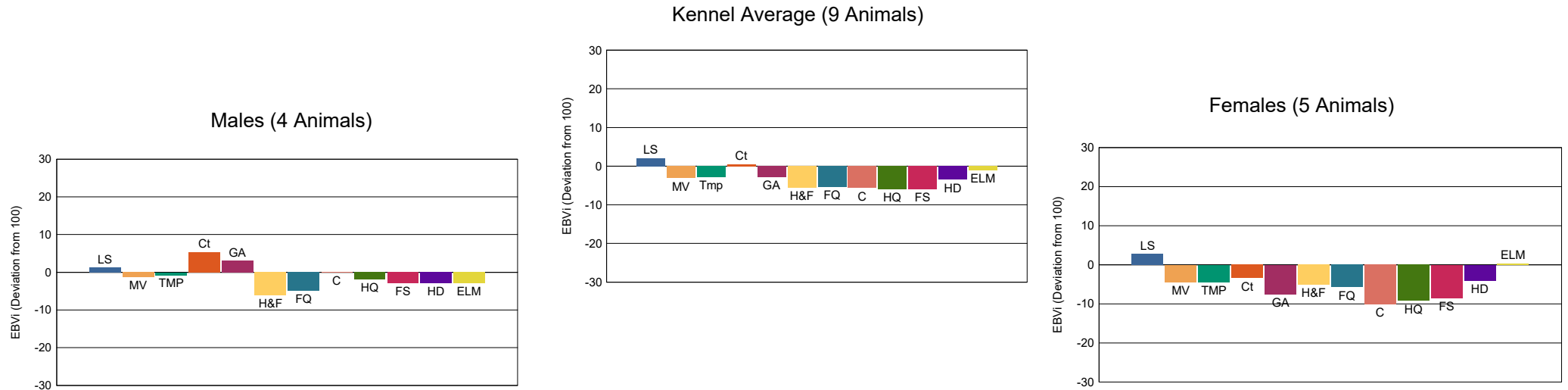
Genetic Trends: The Genetic Trends indicate the genetic change that occurred over time in the animals bred by the breeder compared to that of the breed. These are calculated as the average of the breeding values of all measured animals bred by the breeder, per year of birth.

Inbreeding: Inbreeding is the mating of related animals and is widely viewed as being harmful. The danger of inbreeding lies there in that it can gradually decrease fertility and survivability – a phenomenon known as inbreeding depression. It can cause lower conception rates, more abortions, more stillborn and weak offspring and a higher susceptibility to diseases. Indications in dogs include a low litter size as well as problems relative to fertility, such as invisible heat, behavioural problems when mating and low sperm quality. Overall, reduced litter size most likely reflects inbreeding depression in several traits, both physiological and behavioural, as well as a high frequency of non-viable embryos due to lethal alleles. Generally, the effects of inbreeding can become noticeable at a value of 6.25%, therefore it is generally recommended that individuals should have inbreeding coefficients of less than 6.25%. Breeders should therefore avoid matings causing inbreeding of more than 6.25% in the progeny. The theoretical maximum inbreeding coefficient is 50%. However, it should be noted that not all inbred animals show signs of inbreeding depression.

The data used in this evaluation was obtained from LOGIX from linear classifications that were done by the Breeder Society. All possible attempts have been made to present the information correctly. SA Stud Book does not accept responsibility for the use and interpretation of the information presented on animals in this publication.

Genetic Levels

Kennel Average relative to Breed Average, where Breed Average is indicated as 0



Average Breeding Value Indices (EBVi) where Breed Average = 100

Trait	All Animals	Males	Females
Litter size (LS)	102	101	103
Movement (Mv)	97	99	96
Temperament (Tmp)	97	99	96
Coat (Ct)	100	105	97
General Appearance	97	103	93
Head & Face (H&F)	94	94	95
Front Quarter (FQ)	95	95	94
Centre (C)	94	100	90
Hind Quarter (HQ)	94	98	91
Final Score (FS)	94	97	91
Hip Health (HH)	97	97	96
Elbow Health (ELM)	99	97	100

Inbreeding

Notes

Inbreeding primarily leads to decreased fertility, low survivability of pups and low disease resistance.

Inbreeding coefficients are calculated for all animals of the breed and indicates the probability that two genes of a pair are the same due to a common ancestor in the pedigree of the animal.

The adverse effects of inbreeding can be observed from 6.25% onwards.

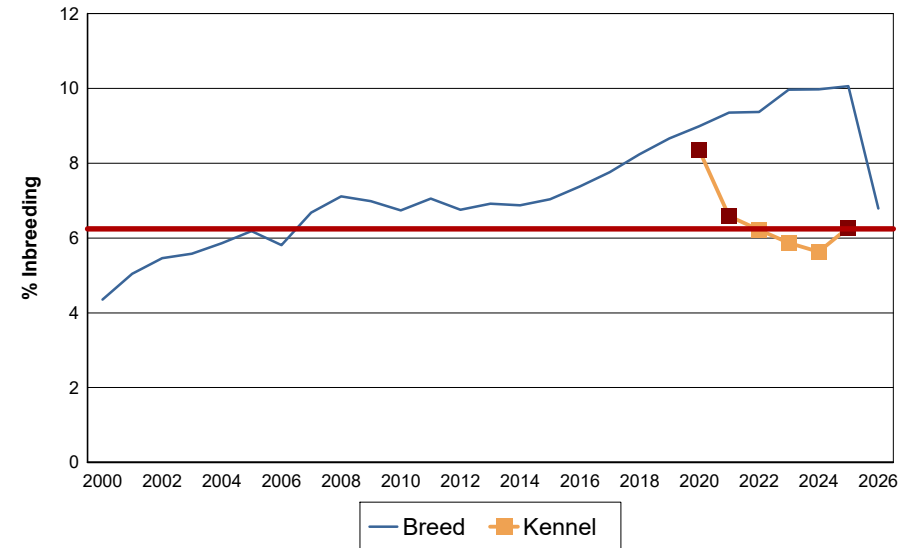
It is therefore highly recommended to record pedigree information as accurately. Inbreeding is dependent on pedigree information. Conventional methods for the calculation of inbreeding coefficients usually assume that unknown parents are unrelated, which is usually far from the truth. Inbreeding coefficients are therefore conservative indicators of the level of inbreeding.

Incomplete or incorrect pedigree information can be reported to SA Stud Book via the Breed Society.

Inbreeding Levels for Specific Matings

Progeny with Parents :	25%
Full Brother x Full Sister :	25%
Half Brother x Half Sister :	12.5%
One Common Grandparent :	6.25%
One Common Great-Grandparent :	3.125%

Rate of Inbreeding

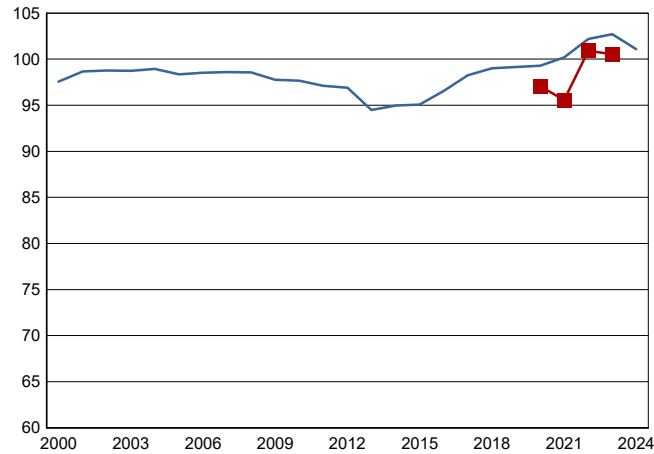


Inbreeding Levels

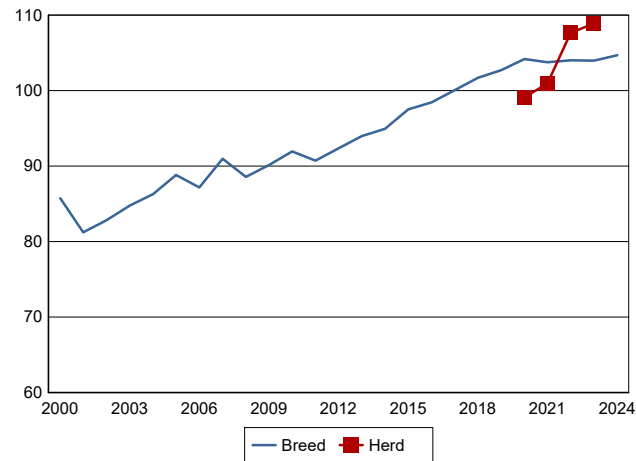
	All Animals		Males		Females		Sires		Dams	
	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed
Number	9	49007	4	25141	5	23857	7	3371	5	6287
Average Inbreeding	5.29	8.49	5.37	8.46	5.23	8.53	5.73	8.01	6.88	8.00
Number inbred	9	48727	4	24990	5	23728	7	24990	5	23728
Number >6.25% Inbr.		30600		15537		15058	2	15537	1	15058

Genetic Trends

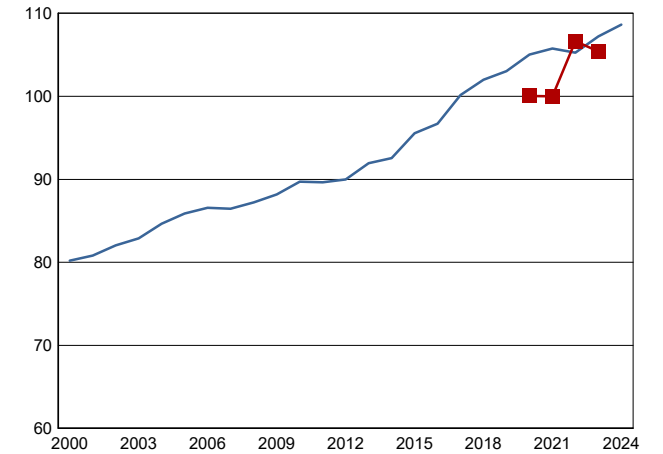
Litter Size



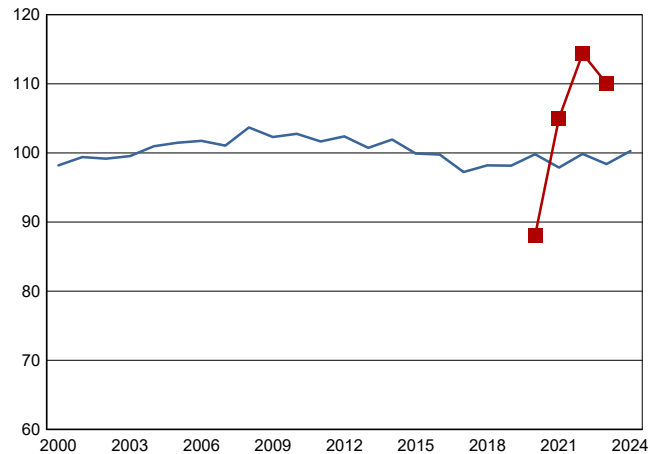
Movement



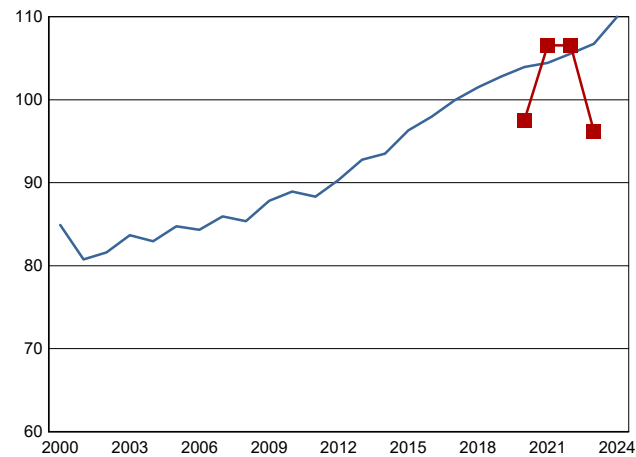
Temperament



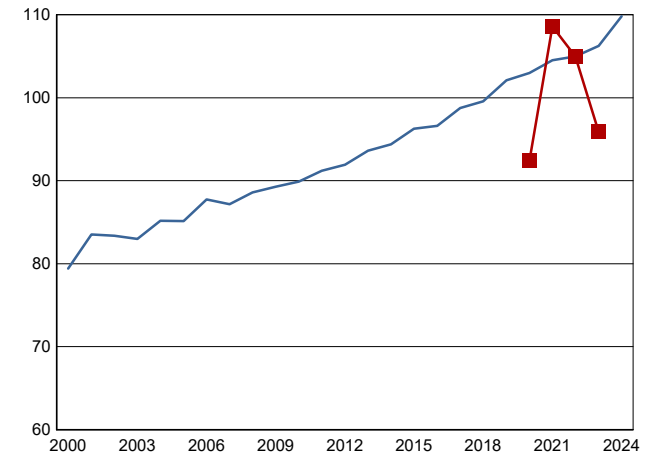
Coat



General Appearance

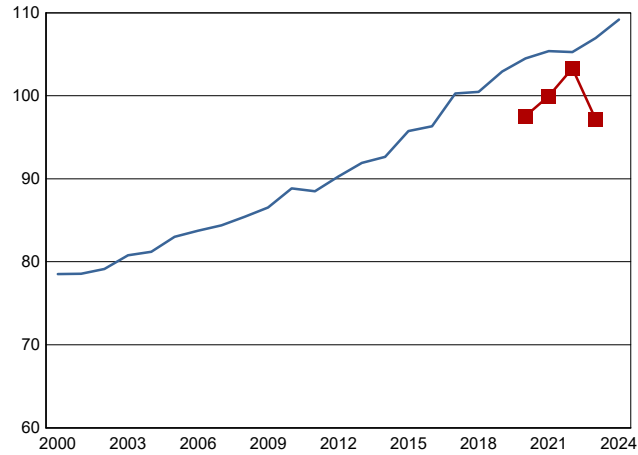


Head & Face

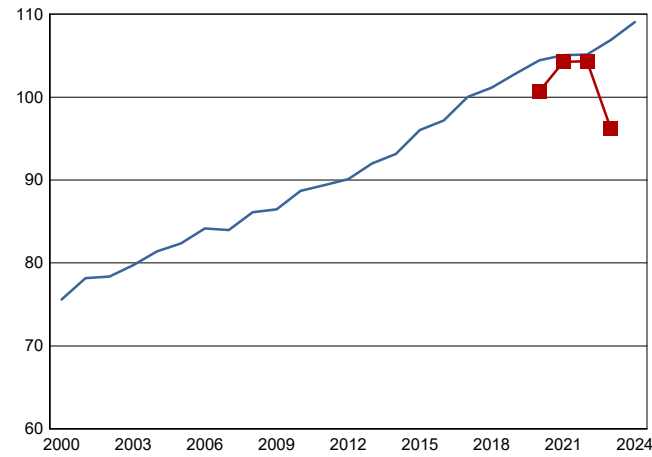


Genetic Trends

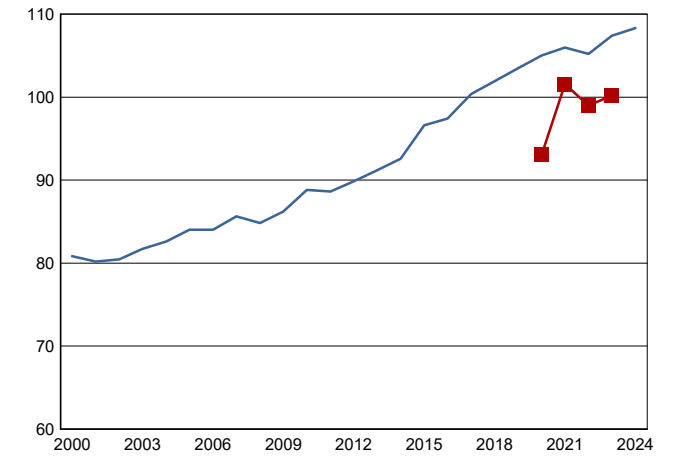
Front Quarter



Centre

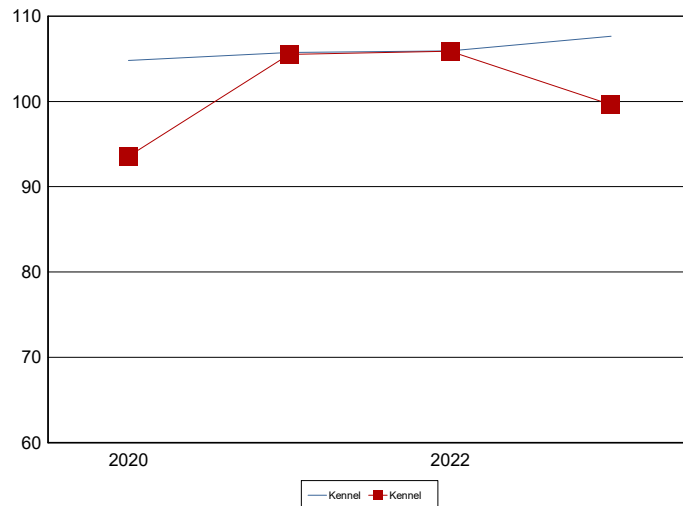


Hind Quarter

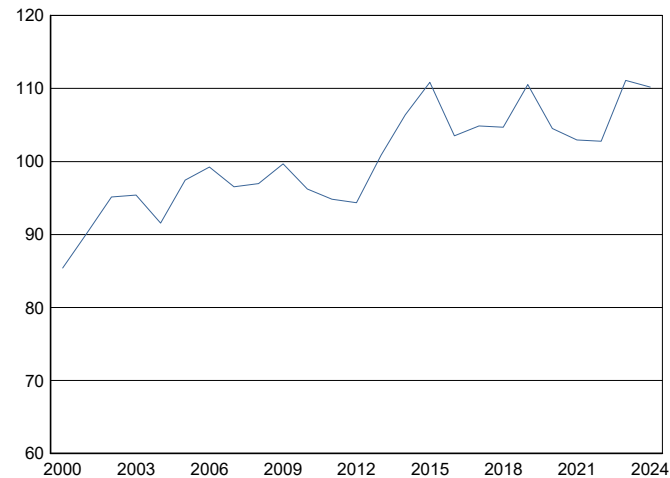


Final Score & Health Traits

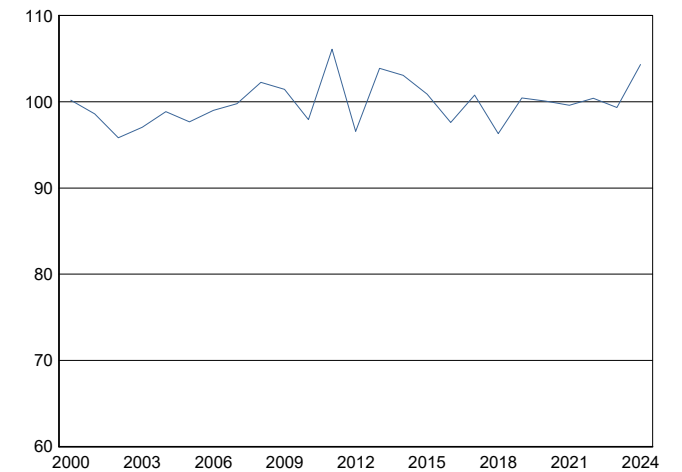
Final Score



Hip Health



Elbow Health



Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Males

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Animal Information			Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :		Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move-ment	Tempe-rament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny	Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
CAVIN REGAL MACK		CAVIN REGAL UHURU	5.06	103	86	94	94	97	108	113	87	90	101	98	94	6	3				
	2020	CAVIN REGAL CHELSEA		5	5	14	45	14	64	45	62	46	49	52	57						
DAFFYS PRADO		KLEIN WITWAL BBD KONDOR	5.43	95	105	105	103	102	107	99	99	98	101	100	101						
	2023	HERBERG GABBANA		5	5	9	28	5	43	27	42	29	31	34	38						
DAFFYS PILOT		KLEIN WITWAL BBD KONDOR	5.43	95	105	105	103	102	107	99	99	98	101	100	101						
	2023	HERBERG GABBANA		5	5	9	28	5	43	27	42	29	31	34	38						
DAFFYS CASTRO		CAVIN REGAL MACK	5.57	95	94	102	94	96	100	102	92	93	97	95	93						
	2024	HERBERG GABBANA		5	5	12	27	5	41	26	41	28	30	32	37						

Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Females

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Animal Information

Inbreed

Health

Fertility

General

Appearance

Progeny :

Appraisal

Health

Progeny with litters

Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move-ment	Tempe-rament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny Progeny	Litters Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips Elbows	Progeny with litters
HERBERG GABBANA	2019	MAKULU LAANIE ROEPER	5.27	87	102	111	94	94	93	91	96	96	93	92	92	22	5	6		2
		KADIMA ZENA		5	5	42	52	25	68	51	67	53	55	58	63			6		1
HERBERG DOLCE	2019	MAKULU LAANIE ROEPER	5.27	88	102	109	89	93	83	90	96	91	91	93	90	8	3			1
		KADIMA ZENA		5	5	36	49	23	65	49	64	50	53	55	60					1
REYDALL MISTY	2020	BOUWER KOEVOET	4.06	105	99	102	101	101	111	90	96	95	80	88	91	6	3	2		1
		REYDALL CUPCAKE		5	5	30	49	20	67	49	66	50	53	56	61			2		1
DAFFYS CASSIE	2020	LANDRE ZEUS	5.75	98	101	95	94	95	88	95	90	95	100	90	91	11	2	1		
		HERBERG GABBANA		5	5	30	45	15	63	44	61	46	48	51	56			1		
DAFFYS NICOLE	2024	HONEYWEALTH PRINCE GEE	5.80	102	98	97	100	95	108	97	96	94	87	91	93					
		REYDALL MISTY		5	5	5	22	5	37	21	36	23	25	28	33					

Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Sires

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Sire Information			Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :	Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move-ment	Tempe-rament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
MAKULU LAANIE ROEPER		MAKULU LAANIE DIMO	5.51	107	102	78	90	91	104	99	112	97	99	97	102	91 14	26 21	1 1		17 3
	2015	BREKER PATRYS		5	5	42	70	44	82	69	82	71	73	75	79					
LANDRE ZEUS		DE NOVO BBD MAXIMUS	4.83	109	101	84	97	100	83	101	91	98	106	90	93	39 7	16 16			13 5
	2016	NTHOHADI EVA		5	5	40	57	32	71	56	70	58	60	62	67					
BOUWER KOEVOET		MIDDELPOS BBD HANNES	5.33	115	95	89	98	106	97	96	98	102	91	100	98	112 17	14 13			10 3
	2017	VOLSPOED FIONA		5	5	36	59	33	75	58	74	60	63	65	70					
CAVIN REGAL UHURU		HILLSIDE VIEW HTM BOOM-BOOM	8.53	95	95	96	88	88	126	106	85	83	91	89	89	10 1	4 4			2 1
	2018	SA EXTREME NIKITA		5	5	26	53	27	70	52	69	54	56	59	64					
CAVIN REGAL MACK		CAVIN REGAL UHURU	5.06	103	86	94	94	97	108	113	87	90	101	98	94	6 3				
	2020	CAVIN REGAL CHELSEA		5	5	14	45	14	64	45	62	46	49	52	57					
KLEIN WITWAL BBD KONDOR		SA SUPERIOR BLIKKIES	4.52	103	108	98	112	110	121	107	101	101	109	108	109	18 4	7 6			2 1
	2021	QUREDU ZARA		5	5	7	48	15	66	46	65	49	51	54	60					
HONEYWEALTH PRINCE GEE		SKYVISION CHASE	6.35	100	97	91	99	89	105	104	97	93	94	95	95	4 4				
	2022	FARALAM KENNEL BLACK ROSE		5	5	5	29	5	45	28	44	30	32	35	40					

Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Dams

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Animal Information			Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :		Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move-ment	Tempe-r-ament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny	Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
KADIMA ZENA	2016	MAXIPAL TROMPIE	4.15	68	101	148	90	90	101	82	79	87	80	85	80	42	3	10			6
		LINJO SPARKLE		5	5	44	57	29	73	56	72	57	60	62	68			9			1
REYDALL CUPCAKE	2019	BOUWER NELSON I	5.04	94	102	113	90	93	116	91	94	91	73	76	84	25	4	5			3
		JAC-LEE ISABELLA		5	5	43	54	24	72	53	71	55	58	61	66			5			1
CAVIN REGAL CHELSEA	2019	ELEVATION ZAMBA	15.90	111	76	91	102	107	97	121	98	100	110	104	104	8	2	3			2
		LA BOELA OPAL		5	19	43	54	28	69	53	68	54	57	59	64			3			1
HERBERG GABBANA	2019	MAKULU LAANIE ROEPER	5.27	87	102	111	94	94	93	91	96	96	93	92	92	22	5	6			2
		KADIMA ZENA		5	5	42	52	25	68	51	67	53	55	58	63			6			1
REYDALL MISTY	2020	BOUWER KOEVOET	4.06	105	99	102	101	101	111	90	96	95	80	88	91	6	3	2			1
		REYDALL CUPCAKE		5	5	30	49	20	67	49	66	50	53	56	61			2			1

