

Boerboel Genetic Evaluation

SA Stud Book
February 2026

MR S.F. MADZURE

3100 MT PLEASANT HEIGHTS

0

HARARE

ZIMBABWE



Kennel Number: 715483



Estimated Breeding Values (EBVs)

Litter size and conformation traits are influenced by many genes, with every gene making a small contribution to the expression of the trait. These traits are, however, also influenced by physiological and physical environmental factors, for example the age and sex of the animal, the feeding and management the animal received and year x season effects. It is therefore not possible to know what the animal's genetic potential for the trait is by merely using the measurement.

With BLUP (*Best Linear Unbiased Prediction*) methodology an animal's genetic potential is predicted by making use of the genetic parameters (heritabilities and genetic correlations) of the breed, pedigree information, as well as the measurements of the animal as deviation from the average of the animals that were measured with the animal. Adjustments are made for differences in sex, age, classifier, management and year x season effects to ensure that fair comparisons are made amongst the animals. These predictions are called **EBVs (Estimated Breeding Values)** which indicates the animal's genetic potential for the specific trait and predicts the type of progeny that the animal will breed.

Pedigree information determines the genetic level at which the animal enters the genetic evaluation, it links the information of all relatives together and it is used to determine the genetic ranking of the breed. For young animals that were not yet measured, mid-parent EBVs are estimated, which are the average of the EBVs of the sire and dam. These breeding values are still inaccurate and can change a lot when more information (measurements) is included in subsequent genetic evaluations.

Breeding values therefore enables a breeder to compare his/her animals genetically to one another, as well as to all other animals of the breed. This Report gives a summary of the genetic levels of the active males and females of the relevant breeder in comparison to that of the breed for linearly classified traits and litter size. The genetic change that occurred over time can also easily be seen.

Breeding Value Indices (EBVi)

For easy interpretation, EBVs are standardised and expressed relative to the average (100) of the active animals of the breed, using 12 as standard deviation (SD). This means that an EBV of 100 is equal to the active average of the breed, and more or less 50% of the animals will have EBVi's of between 90 and 110, which indicates an average animal. Only 0.5% of the EBVi's will be lower than 64 and 0.5% will be higher than 136. Higher EBVi's indicate better genetic potential for the trait.

Accuracy

EBVs are published with an **accuracy value (%)**, which indicates how much info was available for the estimation of the EBV and with how much trust it can therefore be applied. Factors that influence the accuracy include heritability, completeness and correctness of pedigree information, number of own and measured relatives and the size of the group in which the animal was measured. When an accuracy of 85% and more is reached, the EBV should not change significantly with the inclusion of more information in subsequent genetic evaluations.

Kennel and Breed Averages: The different traits' averages of the breeder's active animals are compared to those of the breed in the Kennel and Breed Average Graphs and Tables. The breeder can therefore easily see for which traits the animals are above or below the average of the breed.

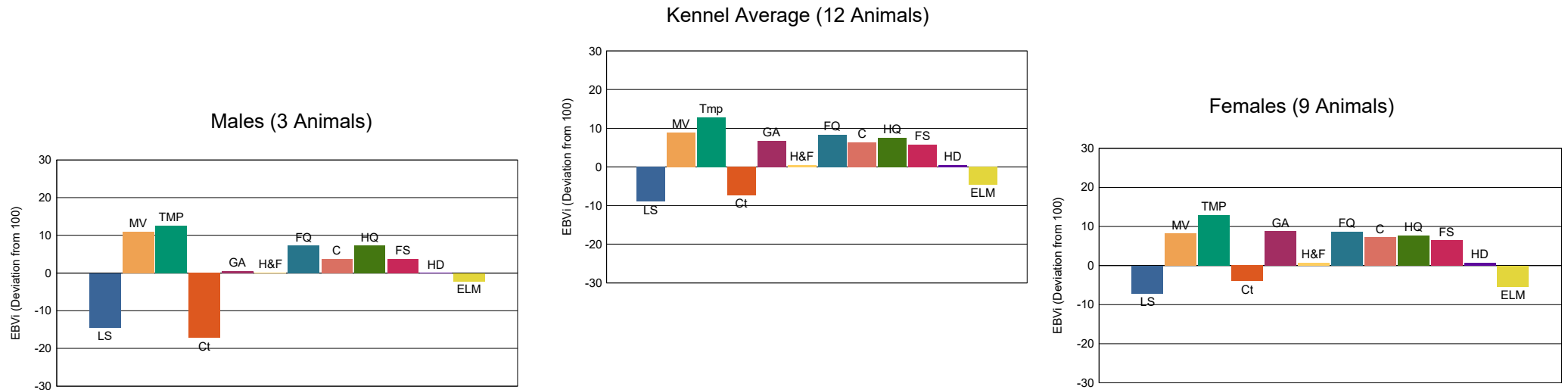
Genetic Trends: The Genetic Trends indicate the genetic change that occurred over time in the animals bred by the breeder compared to that of the breed. These are calculated as the average of the breeding values of all measured animals bred by the breeder, per year of birth.

Inbreeding: Inbreeding is the mating of related animals and is widely viewed as being harmful. The danger of inbreeding lies there in that it can gradually decrease fertility and survivability – a phenomenon known as inbreeding depression. It can cause lower conception rates, more abortions, more stillborn and weak offspring and a higher susceptibility to diseases. Indications in dogs include a low litter size as well as problems relative to fertility, such as invisible heat, behavioural problems when mating and low sperm quality. Overall, reduced litter size most likely reflects inbreeding depression in several traits, both physiological and behavioural, as well as a high frequency of non-viable embryos due to lethal alleles. Generally, the effects of inbreeding can become noticeable at a value of 6.25%, therefore it is generally recommended that individuals should have inbreeding coefficients of less than 6.25%. Breeders should therefore avoid matings causing inbreeding of more than 6.25% in the progeny. The theoretical maximum inbreeding coefficient is 50%. However, it should be noted that not all inbred animals show signs of inbreeding depression.

The data used in this evaluation was obtained from LOGIX from linear classifications that were done by the Breeder Society. All possible attempts have been made to present the information correctly. SA Stud Book does not accept responsibility for the use and interpretation of the information presented on animals in this publication.

Genetic Levels

Kennel Average relative to Breed Average, where Breed Average is indicated as 0



Average Breeding Value Indices (EBVi) where Breed Average = 100

Trait	All Animals	Males	Females
Litter size (LS)	91	86	93
Movement (Mv)	109	111	108
Temperament (Tmp)	113	112	113
Coat (Ct)	93	83	96
General Appearance	107	101	109
Head & Face (H&F)	101	100	101
Front Quarter (FQ)	108	107	109
Centre (C)	106	104	107
Hind Quarter (HQ)	108	107	108
Final Score (FS)	106	104	106
Hip Health (HH)	101	100	101
Elbow Health (ELM)	95	98	95

Inbreeding

Notes

Inbreeding primarily leads to decreased fertility, low survivability of pups and low disease resistance.

Inbreeding coefficients are calculated for all animals of the breed and indicates the probability that two genes of a pair are the same due to a common ancestor in the pedigree of the animal.

The adverse effects of inbreeding can be observed from 6.25% onwards.

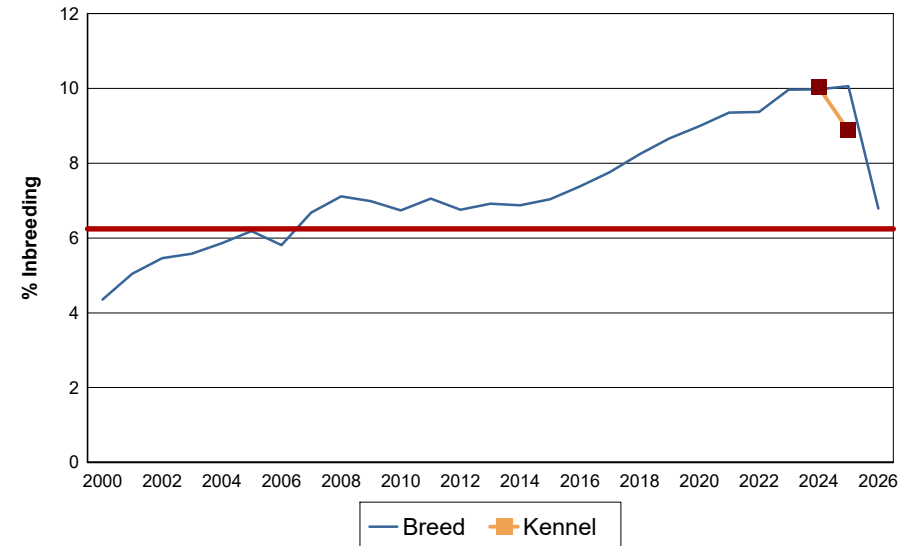
It is therefore highly recommended to record pedigree information as accurately. Inbreeding is dependent on pedigree information. Conventional methods for the calculation of inbreeding coefficients usually assume that unknown parents are unrelated, which is usually far from the truth. Inbreeding coefficients are therefore conservative indicators of the level of inbreeding.

Incomplete or incorrect pedigree information can be reported to SA Stud Book via the Breed Society.

Inbreeding Levels for Specific Matings

Progeny with Parents :	25%
Full Brother x Full Sister :	25%
Half Brother x Half Sister :	12.5%
One Common Grandparent :	6.25%
One Common Great-Grandparent :	3.125%

Rate of Inbreeding

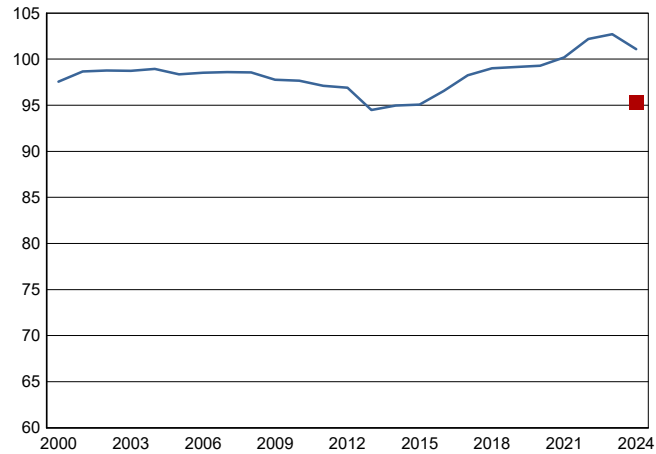


Inbreeding Levels

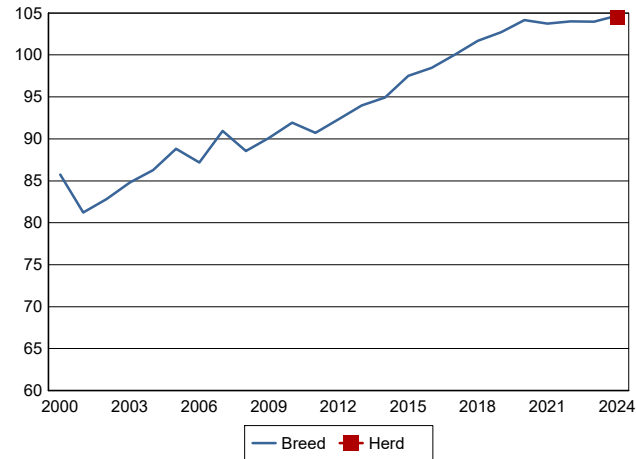
	All Animals		Males		Females		Sires		Dams	
	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed	Kennel	Breed
Number	12	49007	3	25141	9	23857	4	3371	5	6287
Average Inbreeding	9.05	8.49	8.30	8.46	9.30	8.53	6.65	8.01	8.57	8.00
Number inbred	12	48727	3	24990	9	23728	4	24990	5	23728
Number >6.25% Inbr.	12	30600	3	15537	9	15058	2	15537	4	15058

Genetic Trends

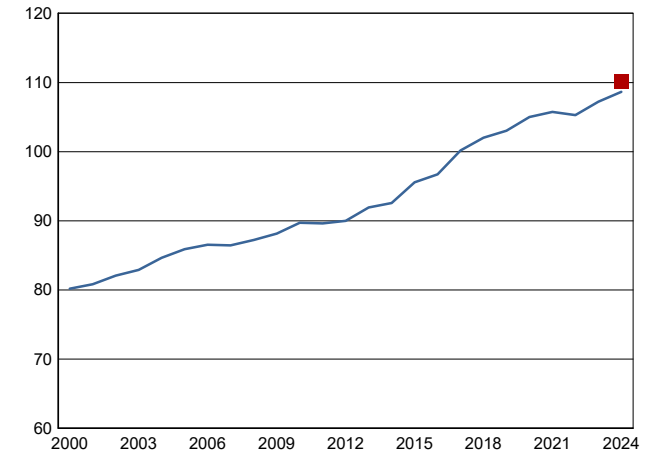
Litter Size



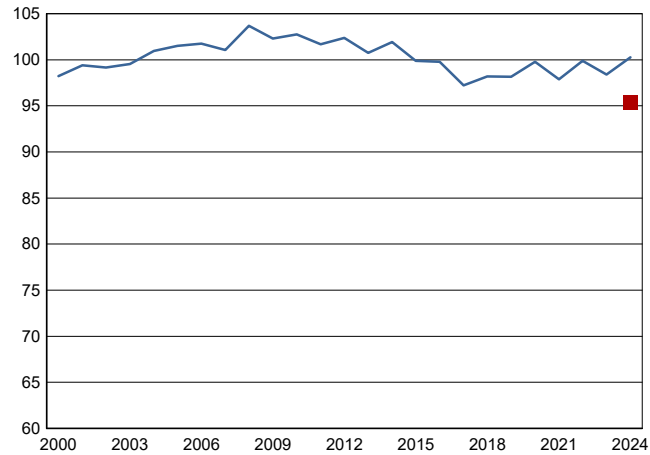
Movement



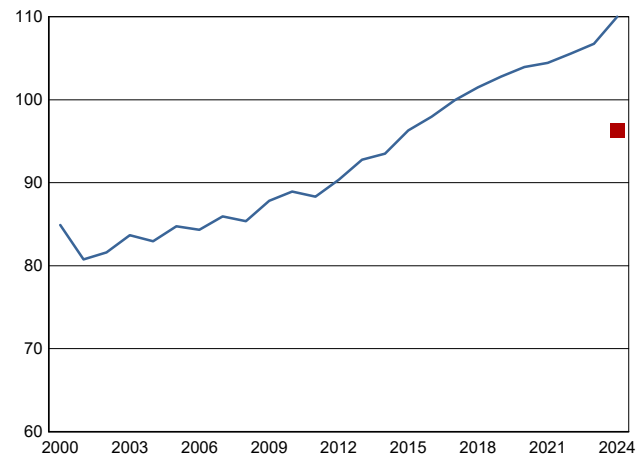
Temperament



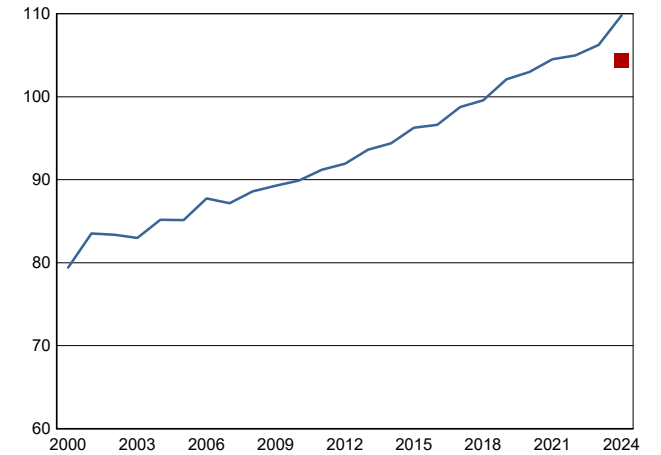
Coat



General Appearance

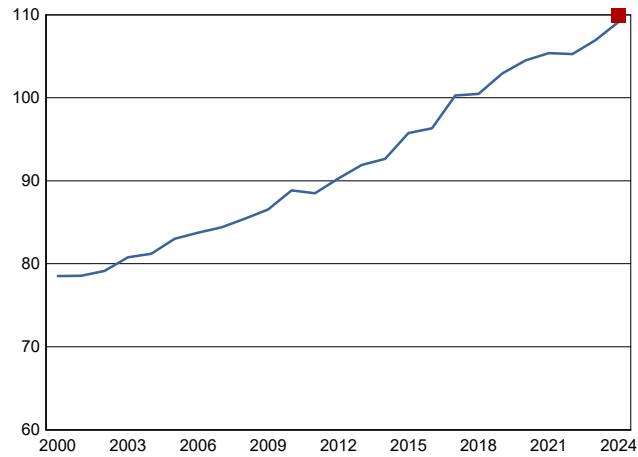


Head & Face

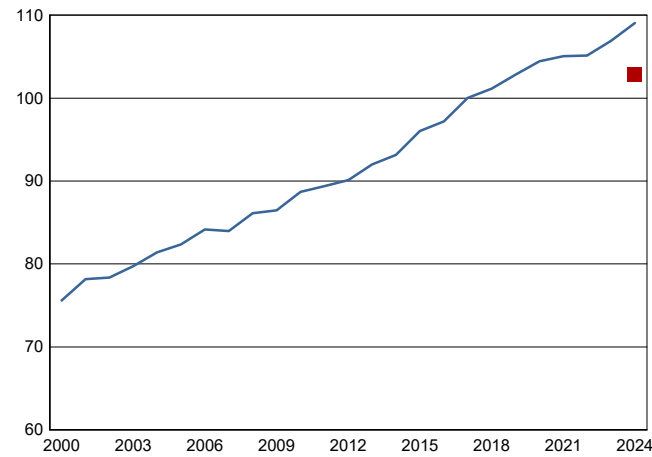


Genetic Trends

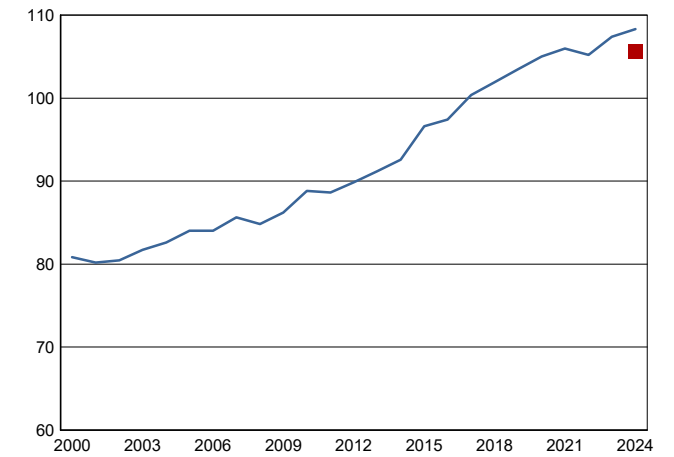
Front Quarter



Centre



Hind Quarter

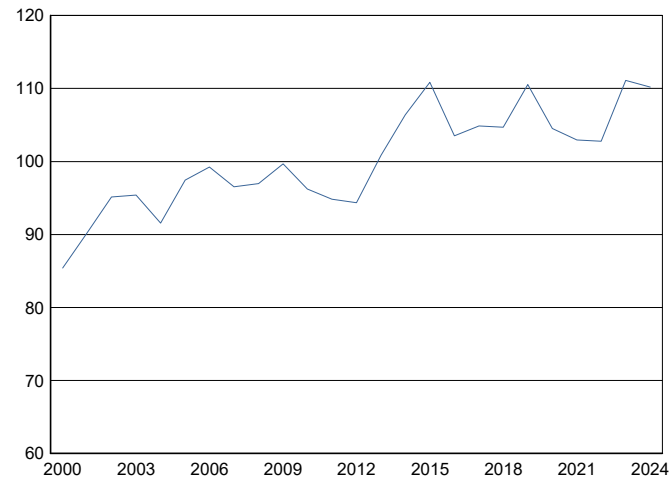


Final Score & Health Traits

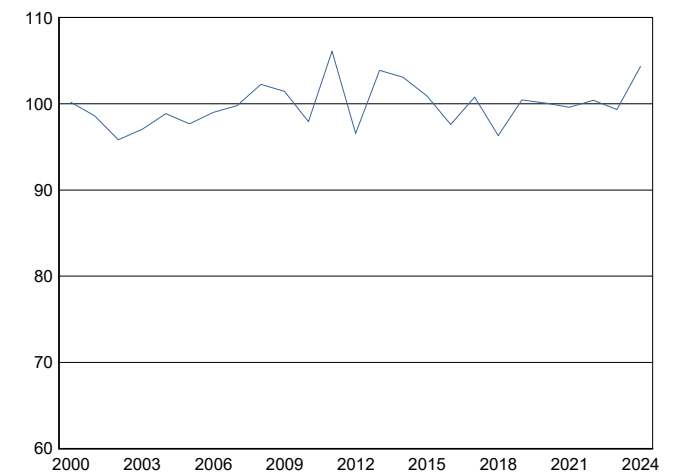
Final Score



Hip Health



Elbow Health



Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Males

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Animal Information			Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :		Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move- ment	Tempe- rament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny	Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
SWALIYMO TUNYA		ELEVATION DIMSUM	10.96	103	98	89	108	114	80	92	106	112	102	107	105	11	5	2			1
	2020	CDH MISCHIEF		5	5	22	42	17	55	41	54	43	45	47	51			2			1
KOBE KRUIZ KING		SWALIYMO TUNYA	6.97	99	98	84	112	112	84	105	97	105	105	107	103						
	2025	BANTU MUSATANYOKO		5	5	5	20	5	34	19	33	21	23	25	29						
KOBE KRUIZ KAIRO		SWALIYMO TUNYA	6.97	99	98	84	112	112	84	105	97	105	105	107	103						
	2025	BANTU MUSATANYOKO		5	5	5	20	5	34	19	33	21	23	25	29						

Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Females

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Animal Information			Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :		Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move-ment	Tempe-rament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny	Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
BANTU MUSATANYOKO	2021	GIANTS OF AFRICA SCORPION	8.15	95	99	79	116	109	89	118	89	98	108	108	101	3	1				
		KING GRANITE HAVOCKESS		5	5	24	40	6	57	39	55	41	43	46	51						
KING GRANITE QUEEN	2021	KING GRANITE RAMBO	8.45	101	91	102	106	114	113	123	100	110	113	109	110	6	2	1 1			
		KING GRANITE CHEZIYA		5	5	5	34	5	51	33	50	35	37	40	45						
KOBE KRUIZ MAYA	2024	SWALIYMO TUNYA	10.03	102	94	95	105	110	95	96	104	110	103	106	105						
		KING GRANITE QUEEN		5	5	5	28	5	47	28	45	29	32	35	40						
KOBE KRUIZ STORM	2025	SWALIYMO TUNYA	6.97	99	98	84	112	112	84	105	97	105	105	107	103						
		BANTU MUSATANYOKO		5	5	5	20	5	34	19	33	21	23	25	29						
KOBE KRUIZ NALA	2025	SWALIYMO TUNYA	10.03	102	94	95	107	114	97	107	103	111	107	108	108						
		KING GRANITE QUEEN		5	5	5	19	5	33	18	33	20	22	24	29						
KOBE KRUIZ ZOLA	2025	SWALIYMO TUNYA	10.03	102	94	95	107	114	97	107	103	111	107	108	108						
		KING GRANITE QUEEN		5	5	5	19	5	33	18	33	20	22	24	29						
KOBE KRUIZ ROSSA	2025	SWALIYMO TUNYA	10.03	102	94	95	107	114	97	107	103	111	107	108	108						
		KING GRANITE QUEEN		5	5	5	19	5	33	18	33	20	22	24	29						
KOBE KRUIZ LUNA	2025	SWALIYMO TUNYA	10.03	102	94	95	107	114	97	107	103	111	107	108	108						
		KING GRANITE QUEEN		5	5	5	19	5	33	18	33	20	22	24	29						
KOBE KRUIZ KAMA	2025	SWALIYMO TUNYA	10.03	102	94	95	107	114	97	107	103	111	107	108	108						
		KING GRANITE QUEEN		5	5	5	19	5	33	18	33	20	22	24	29						

Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Sires

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Sire Information		Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :		Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move-ment	Tempe-rament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
GIANTS OF AFRICA SCORPION	2016	MES BITE A BULLET	4.47		91	97	108	105	91	115	93	95	101	103	98	16	5	5		5
		GIANTS OF AFRICA ZIRA			22	45	59	39	73	59	72	60	62	64	68		3			2
ELEVATION DIMSUM	2018	ELEVATION DAX	6.54	102	93	84	114	120	78	111	128	122	109	106	117	44	10	11		9
		MES KATRYN		22	36	42	64	43	77	64	76	65	67	69	73		9			4
KING GRANITE RAMBO	2020	GIANTS OF AFRICA SCORPION	4.62	101	83	97	111	112	109	120	101	102	106	112	109	1	1	1		1
		ELEVATION KANJIVA		5	5	30	47	26	63	47	62	48	50	53	58		1			1
SWALIYMO TUNYA	2020	ELEVATION DIMSUM	10.96	103	98	89	108	114	80	92	106	112	102	107	105	11	5	2		1
		CDH MISCHIEF		5	5	22	42	17	55	41	54	43	45	47	51		2			1

Estimated Breeding Value Indices (EBVi's)

Dams

Inbreeding >6.25% is high

< 80

>= 100

>= 120

Animal Information			Inbreed	Health		Fertility	General			Appearance						Progeny :		Appraisal	Health		Progeny with litters
Name	BYr	Sire Dam	%	Hips Acc.	Elbows Acc.	Litter Size Acc.	Move- ment	Tempe- r ament	Coat	General Appear.	Head & Face	Front Quarter	Centre	Hind Quarter	Final Score	Progeny	Litters	Progeny Kennels	Hips	Elbows	
CDH MISCHIEF	2019	CDH SNIPER	9.58	103	102	88	111	119	84	95	95	111	106	113	105	7	1	3			5
		CDH ELLA		5	5	42	54	32	67	54	67	55	57	59	63			2			1
KING GRANITE CHEZIYA	2019	KLEIN SANDFONTEIN FRANKIE	12.20	101	98	107	105	116	108	120	89	113	118	107	106	1	1	1			1
		KLEIN SANDFONTEIN PURPLE RAIN		5	5	25	49	21	65	48	64	49	52	54	59			1			1
KING GRANITE HAVOCKESS	2020	IVANOK KING	4.45	107	107	65	117	109	96	116	97	104	112	110	107	8	3	3			2
		GIANTS OF AFRICA HAVOCKESS		5	5	39	44	13	62	43	60	45	47	50	55			3			1
BANTU MUSATANYOKO	2021	GIANTS OF AFRICA SCORPION	8.15	95	99	79	116	109	89	118	89	98	108	108	101	3	1				
		KING GRANITE HAVOCKESS		5	5	24	40	6	57	39	55	41	43	46	51						
KING GRANITE QUEEN	2021	KING GRANITE RAMBO	8.45	101	91	102	106	114	113	123	100	110	113	109	110	6	2	1			
		KING GRANITE CHEZIYA		5	5	5	34	5	51	33	50	35	37	40	45			1			

